BOND REPOSITORY OF COLLECTIVE ACTION

NORWAY: Green Care Cooperative (Inn på tunet Norge SA)

The aim of the BOND Repository is to share real-life solutions of farmers' and land managers' capacity to develop collective activities and participate in networks involving a wide range of actors. The Repository contains 20 in-depth case studies emerging from the BOND Project, and in addition provides a store-and-share for other initiatives and projects to upload their success stories on an on-going basis.

The Repository is based on EU 'Practice Abstracts' that provide a common format to characterise a project. This makes it possible for readers to contact the project partners and enables the dissemination of project results.

The language is English apart from the project title and abstract.

This Table aims to provide basic information about the organisation or initiative as a whole.

Title (in native language)	Inn på tunet Norge SA			
Title (in English)	Green Care Cooperative			
Editor's name and contact details (address,	Eugen Tømte			
telephone, email)	Eugen.tomte@landbruk.no			
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Partners' names and contact details	Norsk Landbrukssamvirke Servicekontor			
	Eugen Tømte			
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Start date	National level 2015, regional level from 2012			
Main sectors/focus	Support and services to farmers providing			
	green care services on their farms			
Type of organisation (eg coop, network)	Cooperatives – federative model. 6 regional			
	entities cooperate as members of the			
	national cooperative.			
Number of members	120			
Type of members	Farmers			
Operating level (local, regional, national	National and regional			
etc)				
Funding sources	Cooperative shares from members and			
	percentage of sales on behalf of members.			
	Some financial support from authorities			
	(projects)			
Total budget	Appr 1,5 million Euro			

Objectives of the initiative	To ensure the members economics interest; get the best possible financial result from their production of welfare services.			
Description of main activities	 National level; Development of materials to the members, strategy, contact with politicians, training and competence services. Regional level; Marketing and sales from the members. Contracts with local authorities. The Farm; Offers quality-assured welfare services. Takes good care of the participants on the farm 			
Website	www.innpatunet.no			
Links to other websites if appropriate				
Tick if audivisual material provided	Х			
Tick if project documents provided				

PRACTICE ABSTRACT 1

This summary should be as interesting as possible for farmers and other practitioners, using easy understandable language.

(Please repeat this template for each project or subproject that you would like to record)

Short title in English

Short summary for practitioners in English on the (final or expected) outcomes (1000-1500 characters, word count – no spaces). This summary should at least contain the following information:

- Main results/outcomes of the activity (expected or final) Include successes such as impact (on policy/productivity/land management etc), effectiveness (have objectives been achieved?), sustainability (economic and environmental), and transferability (can it be adapted and adopted elsewhere?)
- The main practical recommendation(s): including both entrepreneurial elements related to cost, productivity etc as well as how any challenges have been overcome.

Green Care

Green care services on farms is growing in Norway and are adapted to a wide range of user groups:

- Immigrants language training integration - learning
- Youth with problems farmer and family as role model
- Mental illness social community flexibility to adjust work to daily conditions
- Intellectual disabilities real work learning opportunities
- Drug abuse social community real job – keep away from drugs

Usually municipalities are the customer on behalf of the users.

Green Care activity must fulfil several regulations and secure certain quality standards besides marketing their services. For each farmer, this takes much time and efforts at the expense of his/her primary job on the farm. The farmers therefore have established cooperatives to take care of some of this jointly. These cooperatives offer: mentoring services, a network of farmers, activities related to market introduction, standards documents (contracts, confidentiality agreements etc), billing systems, training and competency services.

The benefits of this organisation are obvious both for the farmers and the customers: the farmers can use their time to produce services, instead of marketing and sales, the markets become aware of our existence, several farm work together so there is always someone available, there is a community of farmers, a network, and less work for our customers (!), another farm can do the job if the services can't be

	delivered for a period, and the farmer will		
	have someone to talk to at the end of the		
	day, confidentiality.		
Short title in <u>native language</u>	Inn på tunet Norge SA		
Short summary for practitioners in native	Inn på Tunet vokser i Norge og tilbyr		
language (can be the language of the	tjenester til en rekke brukergrupper:		
coordinator / one of the partners)	Immigranter; språktrening		
	integrering -læring		
	Ungdommer med adferdsproblemer		
	– bonden og familien som rollemodeller		
	Psykisk helse – sosialt samvær –		
	fleksibel tilpasning av arbeidsinnsats tl		
	dagsform		
	Utviklingshemming – reell jobb –		
	mulighet for læring.		
	Rusmisbruk – sosialt samvær – reell ichb subold fra rus		
	jobb – avhold fra rus		
	 Kommunene er kjøpere av tjenester på vegne av brukerne 		
	Aktiviteten til IPT må tilfredsstille en rekke		
	offentlige krav og sikre en gitte		
	kvalitetsstandarder ved siden av å		
	markedsføre sine tjenester. For hver bonde		
	tar dette mye tid og krefter på bekostning		
	av hans eller hennes primære jobb på		
	gården. Bøndene har derfor etablert		
	samvirkeforetak for å kunne gjøre noe av		
	dette i fellesskap. Disse samvirkeforetakene		
	tilbyr råd og veiledning, et nettverk av		
	bønder, aktiviteter knyttet til		
	markedsføring, standarddokumenter		
	(kontrakter, taushetserklæringer osv),		
	fakturering og kompetansetiltak.		
	Nytten av disse organisasjonene er åpenbar		
	for både bøndene og kundene; bøndene		
	kan bruke sin tid til å yte tjenester i stedet		
	for å bruke tid på markedsføring og salg,		
	tilbudet blir mer synlig i markedet, flere		
	bønder arbeider sammen slik at det alltid er		
	en tilgjengelig, det er et samfunn av		
	bønder, et nettverk, og det blir mindre		
	arbeid for kundene. Når flere samarbeider		
	vil det kan en annen ta over hvis det er		
	mangel på kapasitet. Og endelig har		
	bøndene kollegaer som de kan snakke med		
	og rådføre seg med om opplevelser de har i		
	løpet av dagen.		